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Enclosed herewith is a certified copy of British Patent Application No. 0001424.1 for which the above-identified patent application claims priority from.

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Respectfully Submitted

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Gwent NP9 1RH GW-G29398 Your reference 0001424.1 $\frac{}{2}$ Patent application number 22 JAN 2000 (The Patent Office will fill in this part) Pace Micro Technology Plc Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames) Victoria Road Saltaire Shipley **BD18 3LF** Patents ADP number (if you know it) If the applicant is a corporate body, give the 7583569001 country/state of its incorporation Television Programme Guide Title of the invention Bailey Walsh & Co. Name of your agent (if you have one) 5, York Place "Address for service" in the United Kingdom Leeds to which all correspondence should be sent LS1 2SD (including the postcode) 224001 Patents ADP number (if you know it) Date of filing Priority application number Country If you are declaring priority from one or more (day / month / years) (if you know it) earlier patent applications, give the and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number Date of filing Number of earlier application If this application is divided or otherwise (day / month / years) derived from an earlier UK application, the earlier application Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of Yes this request? (Answer "Yes" if:

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Description

Claim(s)

Abstract

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Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

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Television Programme Guide

The invention to which this application relates is a television programme guide of the type which is generated on a display screen such as that of a television set. The programme guide is generated from data which is broadcast from a remote location such as by a television service provider or even an independent television guide The data is broadcast to a number of locations via provider. satellite, cable and/or terrestrial systems and, connected to the display screen is a receiver for said data, typically transmitted in a digital form. The receiver allows for the decoding and subsequent processing of the received data and, the process data is used to generate said television programme guide on screen for use and reference by the user of the apparatus. The user can select certain channels and/or programmes from the screen by moving a cursor around the television programme guide using an appropriate control device such as a remote control.

Television programme guides have become increasingly complicated due to the large number of channels and programmes which are available at any one time due to the provision of digital data broadcast systems. The conventional manner of placing television schedules in newspapers and/or magazines still exists but is increasingly impractical due to the wide number of television programmes which can be selected by the user and it therefore becomes increasingly difficult for the user to make sense and view the entire range of programmes which are available for selection at any one time.

This has led to the generation of television programme guides which can consist of a number of user selectable display "pages". The pages can be selected in terms of the display of all channels which are available, the display of channels which show material relating to

particular selected subject matter such as movies, sport etc, it may show pre-selected channels which are indicated by the user and so on. There are also typically two formats of display, one being a display which shows relatively detailed information relating to user selected programmes and another which shows, typically only titles, of a range of programmes available on a range of channels over a particular period of time. The purpose of this format is to allow the user to see as wide a range of available channels as possible on one display page.

One known format to do this is to provide a grid form and along a horizontal axis there is defined a particular time period, say $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ hours and along a vertical axis there is defined a number of channels. Each channel has a row which passes along the length of the time bar and each row can be split into a number of cells. Each cell represents a particular programme and the length of each cell with respect to the time bar, can indicate firstly the length of the programme and secondly the start and finish times of each programme, which are indicated by the start and finish of each cell with reference to the time bar.

It will be appreciated that as the time bar progresses and is updated depending on the time of viewing by the user, not all programmes will start and/or finish within the particular time period displayed on screen. Conventionally, if a particular programme cell does not start or finish on the display page shown, an arrow icon is generated at the start or end of the particular cell or programme in question and this is used as an indictor to the user that firstly, the particular programme has started previously or does not finish until a later time than that displayed and, secondly if a user wishes to identify the start or finish time they are required to scroll up or down to see the previous or future display page which can take time and is inconvenient to the user. Thus, at present, while there is known

the generation of an indicator to indicate that a particular programme has not started or finished within the time period shown on a display page, the user cannot tell from a display page the time which has elapsed or will elapse before the start or finish of the programmes respectively.

The aim of the present invention is to allow further information to be provided to a user when viewing a display page of a television programme guide.

In a first aspect of the invention there is provided a television programme guide display providing information relating to programmes which can be selected to be viewed said display including a grid having a time bar to indicate the particular time period tow which the display relates and a series of channels represented with respect to the grid and wherein the grid is split into a number of cells, each cell representing a programme which can be selected and wherein, if a programme indicated by a cell does not start or finish within the time period represented by the time bar on the display, a display portion is generated on the display with respect to the said cell for the programme at an appropriate location and said display portion shows the time which has elapsed since the said programme started and/or which will lapse beyond the time period shown before the programme ends.

In one embodiment the time displayed is calculated from the start and end times for the time period shown as appropriate. In an alternative embodiment the time displayed is calculated with respect to the time at which the display is being viewed by the user.

Thus, using the application in accordance with the invention, the user can find out, for example, whether a programme has only recently started with respect to the time in which they are viewing

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the television programme guide and therefore may be worth watching or, whether the programme indicated by the cell has been started for a considerable period time and therefore would not be worth watching further. Equally, the user can find out how long a particular programme is to last, all from one display page rather than the previous conventional need to scroll through further display pages to find the said further information. Thus there are considerable savings to the user in terms of time of use of the programme guide and improvements to the utility of said display page to the user.

In a further aspect of the invention there is provided a method of generating a television programme guide, said television programme guide including at least one display page comprising a grid, generating said grid by providing a time bar, a series of rows of cells, each row indicating a particular channel and the programmes to be displayed on that channel over the time period displayed, generating in each row, one or a plurality of cells, each cell indicating a programme and the size of each cell, indicating the start, finish and length of each programme with respect to the time bar and wherein, if a cell for a particular programme indicates that the said programme has already started prior to the time period displayed on the display page or finishes after the time period displayed on the display page, a calculation is undertaken between the start or finish times of the time bar which is displayed and the start or finish times of the particular programme as appropriate and the difference is displayed with respect to the said programme cell on the display.

It is envisaged that the said time can be displayed as an additional portion of the cell so that those cells which indicate programmes which have started or will finish outside the time period which is displayed on the display page, will protrude from the appropriate

side edge of the grid and, in said additional portion, will be displayed the time which has elapsed or will lapse from the start or before the finish of the programme as appropriate.

In one embodiment, the calculation and data relating to the calculation will be transmitted from the broadcaster at the remote location so that, during the processing of the data, the receiver will be required to process the data and generate the display page which can include said time indications.

Referring now to Figure 1, there is illustrated one format of display page in accordance with the invention.

In this figure, there is shown a display page which can be generated in response to user selections, and is a display page of one form of television programme guide.

The guide includes a grid 2 which is generated with respect to a time bar 4 to indicate the time period for which the display is generated and a channel column 6 which indicates those channels for which the grid has been generated. Each channel in the column is allocated a row 8 and the row can comprise one or a plurality of cells 10. Each cell represents a television programme which is to be shown on that channel during the time period represented by a time bar and can as shown include a title of the programme.

For those programmes which start and finish within the time period represented by the time bar, they will be generated in the manner shown, for example at cell 12. The start of the programme is indicated by the start of the cell with reference to the time bar as illustrated by the dotted line 14 and the end of the programme is represented by the end of the cell with respect to the time bar as indicated by the dotted line 16.

However, in some instances, the programme represented by the cell has either started before the time period displayed or will finish after the time period displayed. In these circumstances, the invention allows for the indication of the time which has elapsed or the time which will elapse from the start or before the finish respectively and this has not previously been done in conventional television programme guides where conventionally, the user has to select further display pages for the further information which is time consuming.

In accordance with the invention, if in the processing and generation of the television programme guide display page as shown, the receiver or broadcaster identifies that a particular cell which is to be generated will not start and/or finish on the time period displayed, a calculation takes place between the actual time at which the display page is being viewed or alternatively, the start or end times of the time bar which is being displayed and the start or end time of the programme for which the cell is generated. time is then displayed in an additional portion 18 which is annexed as shown, to the appropriate cell so that it provides a visual indication to the user that firstly the television programme represented by that cell has already started at an earlier time than that displayed by the time bar on the display page or will finish at a later time than that displayed on the time bar on the display page and furthermore, the time which has elapsed or will lapse from the This is an important indication to the start or before the finish. user as, if for example, a programme lasts an hour and only 5 minutes has elapsed since it started, the user can select that it would still be worthwhile and of interest to them to start watching that If however the programme lasts an hour and it is shown to the user that it has already been on for 55 minutes, then the user will not investigate further and decide not to watch the programme. Equally, if the user has say a period of time of 1 hour in which to watch television programmes before they leave the premises, and a particular programme say that represented by cell 20, is indicated as not finishing for another period of time well over an hour, then the user can disregard that as they will not be able to watch the end of it in any case.

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